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## **DRAFT TANZANIA STANDARD**

**(Draft for Stakeholders' comments only)**

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**Solar photovoltaic energy systems – Terms, definitions and symbols**

*Draft for Stakeholders' Comments only*

**TANZANIA BUREAU OF STANDARDS**

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# NATIONAL FOREWORD

## 1 Introduction

This draft Tanzania Standard is being prepared by the Solar Power System Technical Committee (EEDC 5), under the supervision of the Electrical Engineering Divisional Standards Committee (EEDC)

This draft Tanzania Standard is the identical adoption of IEC/TS 61836:2007 (Ed.2.0) Solar photovoltaic energy systems – Terms, definitions and symbols published by the International Electrotechnical Commission.

## 2 Preamble

This draft Tanzania Standard provides terms, definitions and symbols from national and international solar photovoltaic standards and relevant documents used within the field of solar photovoltaic (PV) energy systems. The main changes with respect to the previous edition are as follows: increased number of terms, inclusion of a list of abbreviations, organization of terms in categories and families.

This second edition supersedes and replaces the first edition TZA 876:2006 which has been technically revised.

In reporting the result of a test made in accordance with this Tanzania standard, if the final value observed or calculated, is to be rounded off, it shall be done in accordance with TZA 4:1999

## 3 Terminology and convention

Some terminologies and certain conventions are not identical with those used in Tanzania standards; attention is drawn especially to the following: -

- 1) The comma has been used as a decimal marker for metric dimensions. In Tanzania Standards, it is current practice to use “full point” on the baseline as the decimal marker.
- 2) Where the words “International Standard(s)” appear, referring to this standard they should read “Tanzania Standard(s)”.

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# TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

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Solar photovoltaic energy systems – Terms, definitions and symbols

INTERNATIONAL  
ELECTROTECHNICAL  
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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

### SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC ENERGY SYSTEMS – TERMS, DEFINITIONS AND SYMBOLS

#### FOREWORD

- 1) The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) is a worldwide organization for standardization comprising all national electrotechnical committees (IEC National Committees). The object of IEC is to promote international co-operation on all questions concerning standardization in the electrical and electronic fields. To this end and in addition to other activities, IEC publishes International Standards, Technical Specifications, Technical Reports, Publicly Available Specifications (PAS) and Guides (hereafter referred to as "IEC Publication(s)"). Their preparation is entrusted to technical committees; any IEC National Committee interested in the subject dealt with may participate in this preparatory work. International, governmental and non-governmental organizations liaising with the IEC also participate in this preparation. IEC collaborates closely with the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) in accordance with conditions determined by agreement between the two organizations.
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- the required support cannot be obtained for the publication of an International Standard, despite repeated efforts, or
- The subject is still under technical development or where, for any other reason, there is the future but no immediate possibility of an agreement on an International Standard.

Technical specifications are subject to review within three years of publication to decide whether they can be transformed into International Standards.

IEC 61836, which is a technical specification, has been prepared IEC technical committee 82: Solar photovoltaic energy systems.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 1997. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

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This edition included the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- 1) The number of terms has increased. Abbreviations have been included.
- 2) The terms in Edition 2 are organised into categories and families. Terms contained in families are cross referenced with an alphabetical listing. A bibliography and an index were added. The purpose of aggregating terms into families is to allow readers to easily see the relationships between terms that speak of similar quantities and subjects but that have slight variations.

The text of this technical specification is based on the following documents:

Enquiry draft	Report on voting
82/442/DTS	82/487/RVC

Full information on the voting for the approval of this technical specification can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the maintenance result date indicated on the IEC web site under "<http://webstore.iec.ch>" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- transformed into an International standard,
- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

A bilingual edition of this document may be issued at a later date.

## INTRODUCTION

Following the development of solar photovoltaic (PV) technology, specific Standards have been prepared by IEC Technical Committee 82 since 1987. The terms and symbols used in the PV industry necessitate a systematisation in order to have a consolidated glossary for experts' common understanding.

This Glossary lists the terms and symbols that the PV industry commonly uses. It is a living document that will change as new terms and symbols are added. These have been harmonized with IEC 60050 and other IEC documents as far as possible. All definitions not included in this Technical Specification may be found elsewhere in other IEC documents.

NOTE 1 The terms "PV", "photovoltaic" and "solar photovoltaic" can be read and used interchangeably and without the need for stating each term to show that each are applicable and commonly used by the solar photovoltaic industry.

NOTE 2 All terms beginning with "solar photovoltaic" and "PV" are listed under their respective "photovoltaic" names.

NOTE 3 The terms are listed alphabetically in ten categories. Under these categories, some of the terms have been grouped into families of related meaning in order for the reader to readily see the differences between the terms.

NOTE 4 This Glossary lists the precise usage of terms. Cross-references are provided to efficiently point the reader to the location of definitions. For example, a "solar photovoltaic array" may also be referred to as "photovoltaic array" or "array" when the reference to it is particularly clear. The definition for this term, for example, occurs under the family heading of "photovoltaic" in the "Solar photovoltaic systems" section.

NOTE 5 The colloquial use of "solar" as the sole adjective of a noun is discouraged. For example, though "solar array" may be commonly used in non-technical conversations, the precise terms are "solar photovoltaic array", "photovoltaic array", and "array".

NOTE 6 Unless specifically noted otherwise, the terms "device", "cell", "module", "array", "sub-array", "field", "component", "system", and "product" refer to items incorporating a photovoltaic device. As a result, each of these terms can be understood to read as "PV device", "PV cell", "PV module", etc., without having to re-state the term "PV" each time, though now and then it is useful to re-state "PV".

NOTE 7 The numeric quantities described by many of the terms can be expressed over any convenient unit of time that the user may wish, such as day, month or year.

NOTE 8 " $W_p$ " is not a recommended unit for rated power. For example for a 50 W module, the correct terminology is "the rated power is 50 W", and not "the power is 50  $W_p$ ".

NOTE 9 The documents from which these terms originated are shown in square brackets [ ]. Some adaptations may have occurred.

NOTE 10 This Glossary document recognises the related IEC co-ordinating Technical Committees:

1	Terminology	77	Electromagnetic compatibility
21	Secondary cells and batteries	82	Solar photovoltaic energy systems
22	Power electronic systems and equipment	88	Wind turbines
47	Semiconductor devices	105	Fuel cell technologies
64	Electrical installations and protection against electric shock	106	Methods for the assessment of electric, magnetic and electromagnetic fields associated with human exposure

## **SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC ENERGY SYSTEMS – TERMS, DEFINITIONS AND SYMBOLS**

### **1 Scope and object**

This Technical Specification deals with the terms and symbols from national and international solar photovoltaic standards and relevant documents used within the field of solar photovoltaic (PV) energy systems. It includes the terms and symbols compiled from the published IEC technical committee 82 standards, previously published as technical report IEC 61836:1997.

The focus of this Technical Specification is "what do the words mean" and not "under what conditions do the terms apply".

### **2 Normative references**

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60904-3:1989, *Photovoltaic devices – Part 3: Measurement principles for terrestrial photovoltaic (PV) solar devices with reference spectral irradiance data*